

## **Supplementary Material to “Museum collections indicate bird defaunation in a biodiversity hotspot”**

### *Appendix II. Recent literature*

We found four studies reporting 201 species. Silva & Regalado (1998) first reported the nesting of the King Vulture *Sarcoramphus papa* (Linnaeus 1758) at the Araçoiaba Mountain on January 1995, while Regalado (1999) accumulated 39 species over 128 hours of point counting. Willis & Oniki (2003) recorded 45 species, mostly Cerrado and marsh dwellers. Silva (2010) inventoried the birds of the Araçoiaba Mountain from 1993-2003 using transect counts, registering 186 species during ca 350 hours.